Advice to Grow By ... Ask Us!

UCCE Master Gardeners San Mateo & San Francisco Counties

Keep Your Garden Humming

Presented by Arete Nicholas, Master Gardener 03/18/17



Who are the UCCE Master Gardeners?

We are a statewide program that is operated on a county by county basis.

- We operate under the umbrella of the University of California.
- We are trained by UC Specialists who are involved in current research and education in their area of expertise.
- As trained volunteers & representatives of UC, we provide UC research-based gardening information to the residents of our counties whether they are home gardeners such as yourselves or members of community organizations.



Favorite Pollinators

Bees Butterflies Hummingbirds



Bees are the Stars

- Over 1,500 species of CA bees
- Over 100 crops in U.S. are bee-pollinated
- Bees deliberately collect pollen as food for their larvae





Pollination What Is it? Why is it Critical?



- Pollination = a process that transfers pollen from the anthers (male organ) of the flower to the stigma (female organ) of the same or species related flower.
- This results in fertilization
- 75% of flowering plants & 1/3 of world crops depend on it



What do honey bees pollinate?

Veggies:

Beet, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrot, cauliflower, cucumber, eggplant, okra, squash

Fruits:

Apples, apricot, berries, cherry, citrus, melons, pear, plum, tomato, watermelon

Nuts & Seeds:

Almonds, walnuts, hazelnuts, macadamia, sunflower



Why Care about Pollinators

1. One in three mouthfuls of our food and drink require pollination

Benefits to the ecosystem – keeping plant communities healthy & productive

3. Central to other wildlife, from songbirds to grizzly bears



Designing a Garden For Bees!





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Design a bee-friendly plant palette

Provide continuous bloom throughout the season A diversity of flower types —supports a diversity of bees Native to CA

Drought tolerant





IMPORTANT FOR ALL WILDLIFE GARDENS **NO PESTICIDES**





Plant Families Bees LOVE!

- Asteraceae Daisy, Aster, Sunflower family-(Erigeron glaucus, Echinacea purpurea, Gaillardia grandiflora, Coreopsis, Cosmos
- **Fabaceae** Legume family
- Lamiaceae Mint, Lavender, Salvia, Thyme, Rosemary (Agastache, Lavandula, Salvia
- **Polygonaceae** Buckwheat family
- **Rosaceae** Roses, Apple, strawberry
- **Papaveraceae** California Poppy



Choosing the Right Flowers

Use Local Native Plants – they are 4 times more attractive to Bees than exotic flowers

- Choose several colors of plants: Blue, purple, yellow
- Plant flowers together in clumps
- Plant flowers of different shapes
- Have a diversity of plants flowering all season



Bee on Milkweed





Work in California Natives



Eriogonum rubescens, Rosy or Red **Buckwheat**



Ceanothus maritimus 'Point Sierra'

Size: 2'h x 4'w Sun: Sun-part shade





Erysimum capitatum, Western Wallflower

Easy to grow



Prefers sun





University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources

UCCE Master Gardener Program

These Plants are Bee Magnets



Poppies





Rosy Buckwheat





Salvia leucophylla

Lupinus albifrons, silver bush lupine



Bees and butterflies love Lupines

Native plants expand our pollinator plant palette



Versatile Bee Balm **One Plant – Multiple** Attraction







University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources I UCCE Master Gardener Program

Monarda didyma

Bees Love Flowers





Nesting Habits of Solitary Bees



- Ground nesters need a clear or weedy dirt area to dig in the ground to lay their eggs
- Don't MULCH every spot in your yard!!



Group Species for Efficiency

Groupings of single flower species enables pollinators to spot the plant quickly

This reduces search time and energy required for foraging



Water for Bees



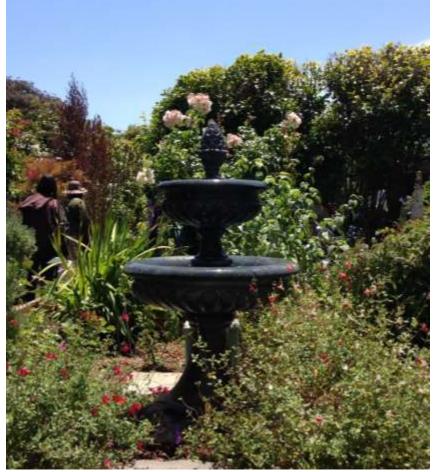
- Bees get most of their water from dew on the leaves of plants
- They also use pooling stations, sprinkler heads or fountains



Provide Foraging Habitat

For the home gardener -Increase pollinator numbers by increasing the flowers available to them

Examples of garden habitats include a butterfly garden, pollinator lawn, an area not in use





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What You Can Do to Conserve Bumble Bees

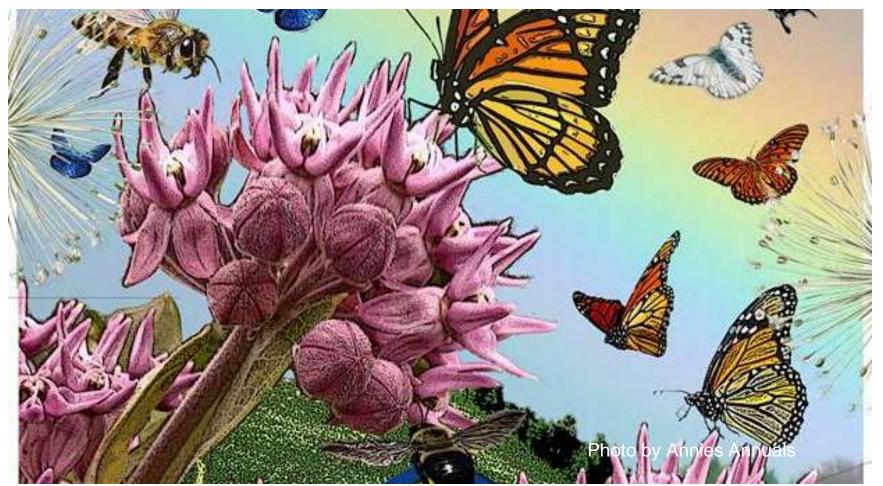
Bumble bees and other pollinators need three things to thrive:

- Flowers on which to forage
- A place to build their nest
- A pesticide-free environment

Learn more at Xerces.org:



Butterfly Summit





Butterfly Facts

More than 55 species are native to the S.F. Bay Area Western Pygmy-Blue 3/4" (Salt Marshes) Monarch 45/8"

But loss of both open space and native plants have taken a toll on Butterfly populations



MORE COMMON BAY AREA



Monarch





Buckeye



Painted Lady



California Sister





Skippers



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Caterpillar Favorites



ROSY BUCKWHEAT





SNAPDRAGON



MONKEY FLOWER



CEANOTHUS



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Milkweed does double duty for monarchs



Feeds both **Caterpillars** and adults



Nectar Plants



Buddleia



Aster



Lantana





Scabiosa

Puddling Stations

- Butterflies obtain water and minerals from liquids in pore spaces
- How to make your own station





Other Amenities

Sunbathing Rocks

Water







6 Herbs for Butterflies and Bees

- Lavender
- Catnip
- Chives
- Fennel
- Rosemary
- Yarrow



Butterfly Needs



- Warm temperatures and sunshine to fly
- Prefer areas sheltered from wind
- Native plants support 3x as many species of butterflies than ornamentals

Chrysalis photo on pinterest.com



Don't Be Too Neat!

- Caterpillars need a place to hide
- Many "over-winter" in your yard, so • leave some of the old plants, leaves and garden debris



Critically Endangered Bay Area Butterflies

Bay Checkerspot

Mission Blue







Our SF Bay Checkerspot Story



Class: Insecta

Order: Lepidoptera Family: Nymphalidae Genus: *Euphydryas* Species: E. editha Subspecies: E. e. bayensis Trinomial *Euphydryas* editha bayensis (Sternitsky, 1937)



Protect our Butterflies. They are "the flowers of the air"



22 species are formally listed as threatened or endangered

Quote by E.O. Wilson

Image by Dipartrix.com



Hummingbirds





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Anna's Hummingbirds



- Common in California year round
- Greatest consumer of insects of all hummers
- "Sings" more than any other hummer



Native and Migratory Hummingbirds

Anna's Hummer



Allen's Hummer





Facts about Hummers





University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources

Three Plants that Hummingbirds Adore



Fuschia species

Penstemon

Bush Manzanita



Penstemon, Scarlet Bugler



Planting Success

- Choose variety of plant types for diversity in color, form and texture
- Plant with mature size in mind
- Create mounds adding interest to flat terrain
- Weave herbs, edibles and natives together



What about Feeders?





What do Hummers Like to Eat?



Mixed diet of pollen from multiple plant sources
Pollens have proteins while sugar water does not.
So they can "live" on sugar water but not survive or thrive to their longevity of 8 years



More Favorites



CALIFORNIA FUCHSIA



READY TO LICK UP LUNCH!



Agastache, 'Rosy Giant'



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COYOTE MINT

HUMMINGBIRDS ARE TERRITORIAL





Multipurpose Favorites



 They use the web for building their nests and attaching it to trees and bushes

- Hummers eat insects for protein
- Hummers can catch insects in mid flight
- They will eat insects right out of a spider's web including the spider!





In flight







Hummingbirds Pollinate by...



...passing pollen from one flower to the next, feeding on pollen and spreading it as they go

They can live for 8 years. They can fly at 40 miles per hour for 500 miles and dive bomb at 60 mph



Allen's Hummingbird & Nest





The Four Basic Wildlife Needs: Food, Water, Cover and Space

Start or Expand your Pollinator Habitat this Week

- Start a smaller patch and expand over time
- Incorporate a succession of flowers to provide blooms throughout the seasons
- Include several different flower species
- Native plants are preferred.



San Bruno Mountain **Volunteers Plant Nectar Plants**

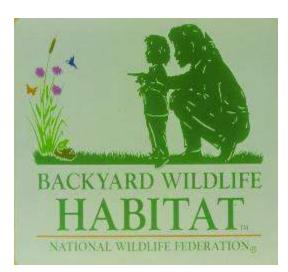




Voluntary Programs Promoting Wildlife Enhancements

Backyard Wildlife Habitat Program Butterfly Garden Certification Program







Tree Frog in my Garden Pot





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References for Gardeners

http://ccuh.ucdavis.edu/projects/honeybees

UCDAVIS COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

www.pollinator.org



http://www.xerces.org/pollinator-

resource-center



Agriculture and Natural Resources

References

Bauer, Nancy, The California Wildlife Habitat Garden, 2012, ISBN. 978-052-026781-7

Xerces Society, Attracting Native Pollinators, 2011, ISBN 978-1-60342-695-4

California Native Plant Society http://cnps.org

Master Gardeners of San Mateo and San Francisco Counties <u>http://smsf-</u> <u>mastergardeners.ucanr.org</u>

ANR Publication 8498, October 2013 http://anrcatalog.ucanr.edu

Native Plant Nurseries and/or nurseries with a good selection of natives

Bay Natives, San Francisco <u>http://www.baynatives.com</u>

Flora Grubb Gardens http://www.floragrubb.com

Flowercraft Garden Center in San Francisco <u>http://www.flowercraftgc.com</u>

Las Pilitas Nursery http://www.laspilitas.com/nature-of-california/plants/299--erysimum-capitatum



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Got Questions? We're here to help:

Call our helpline at (650) 276-7430

Email questions along with an attached photo to mgsmsf@ucanr.edu

Mail questions along with a sample to

1500 Purisima Creek Road, Half Moon Bay, CA, 94019

See us in person with a sample [map/directions]

Visit our website at <u>http://smsf-mastergardeners.ucanr.org</u>

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