Deformity in blackberry fruits: Is it lygus bug?



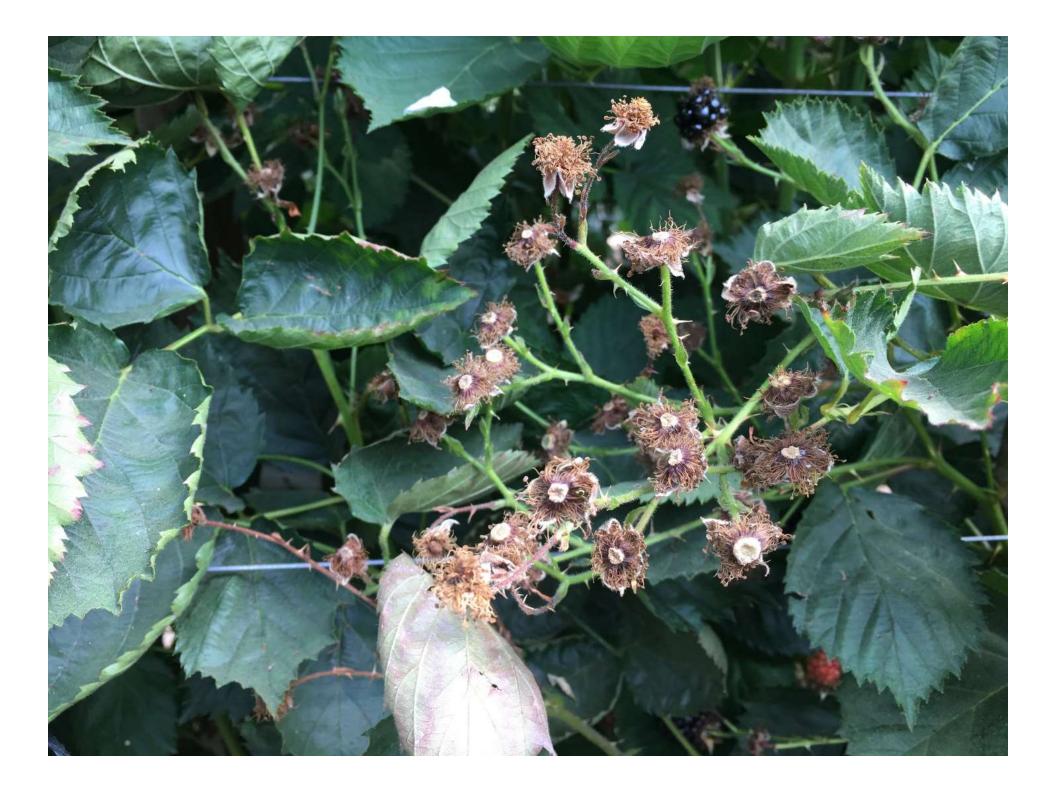


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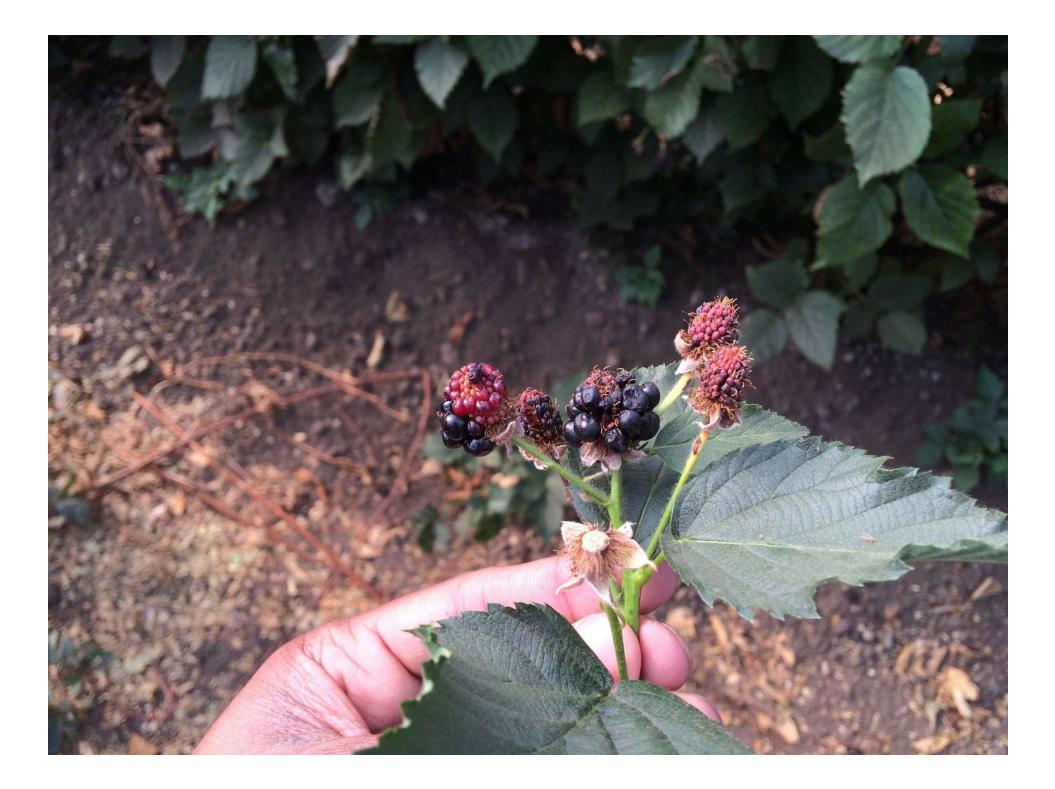
Integrated Pest Management Program

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UC CE











Objective

To determine if the blackberry fruit deformity is related to lygus bug feeding



Fruits at <u>petal fall stage</u> were caged with adult lygus
Because in strawberry, we know that flowers at petal fall stage are susceptible to lygus injury that caused catfaced fruits

Experiments

Trial 1 and 2

- Five treatments: 0, 1, 3, 5, 10 adult lygus bug per cage
- 15 replications
- Caged when fruits were at petal fall
- Exposed for <u>one day</u>

Trial 3

- Four treatments: 0, 3, 5, 10 adult lygus bug per cage
- 10 replications
- Caged when fruits were at petal fall
- Exposed for <u>4 days</u>

Trial 1



Undamaged fruit



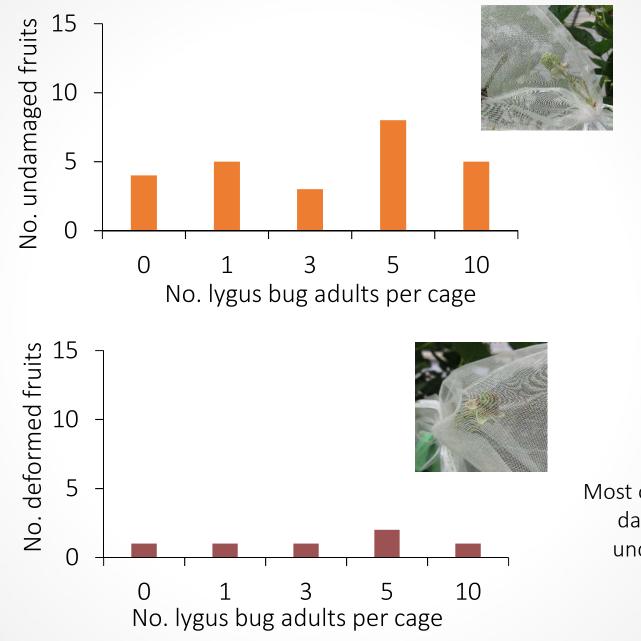
Deformed fruit



Undeveloped fruit



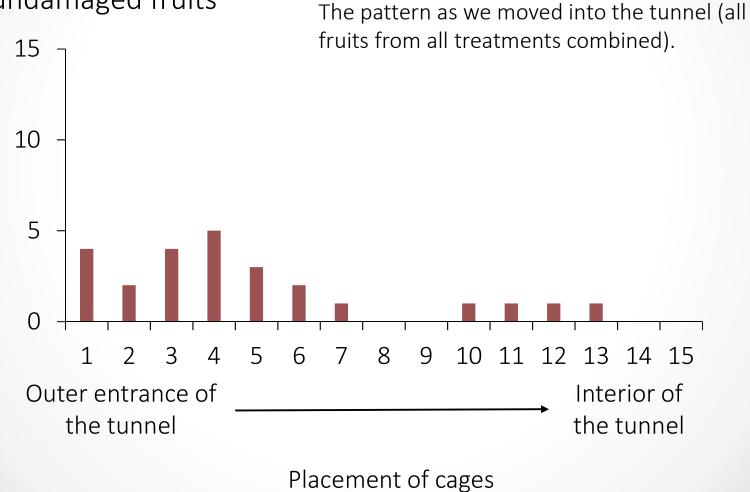
Undeveloped fruit

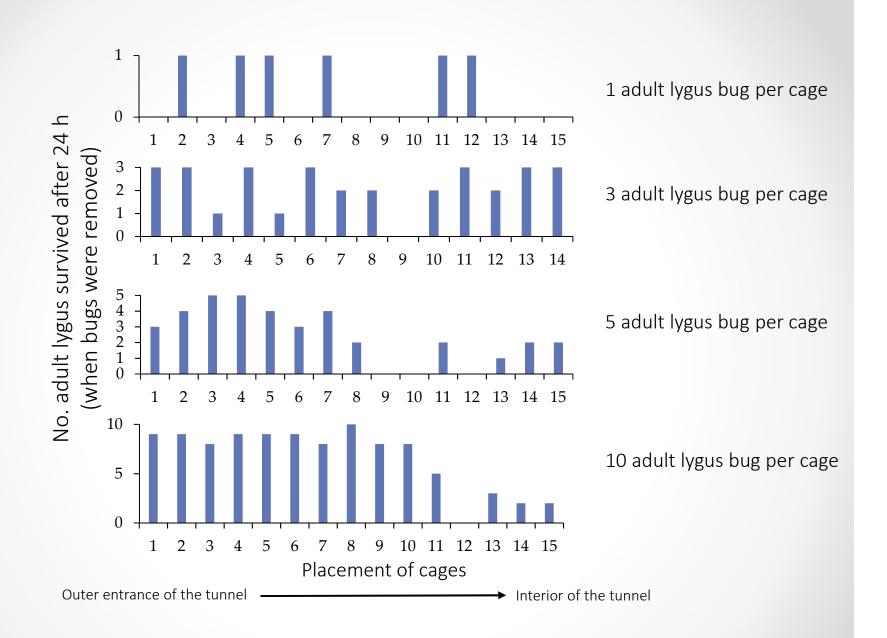


Most of them were damaged or undeveloped

Pattern of fruit damage

No. undamaged fruits





Trial 2

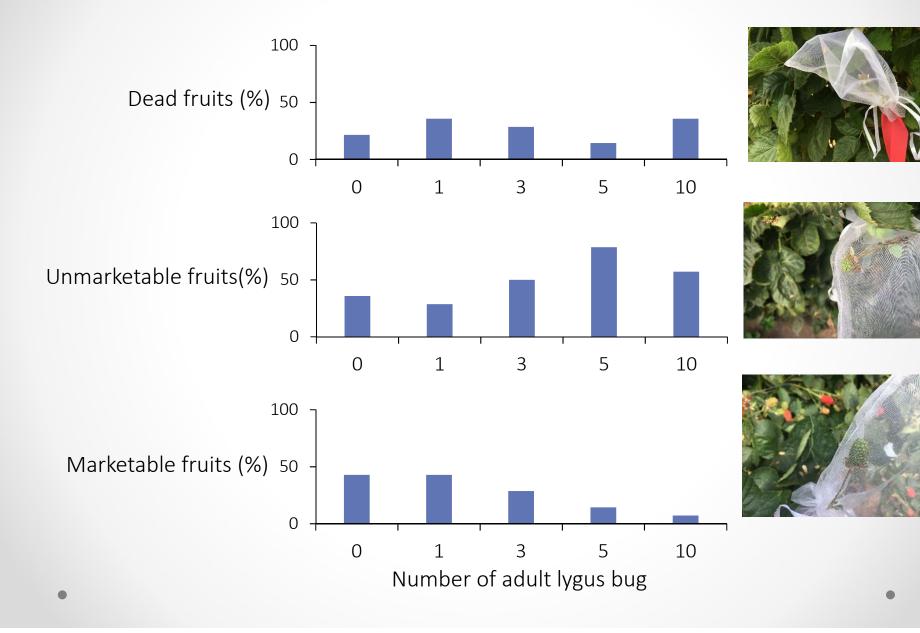


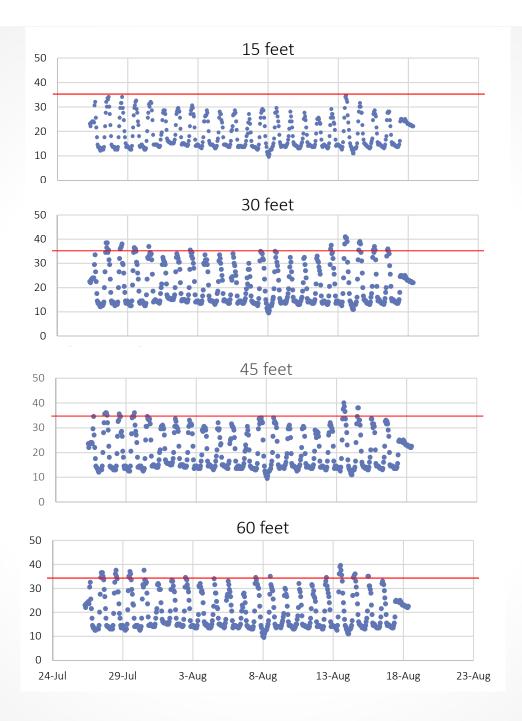
Dead

Unmarketable

Marketable

Trial 2: Fruit damage





Trial 3

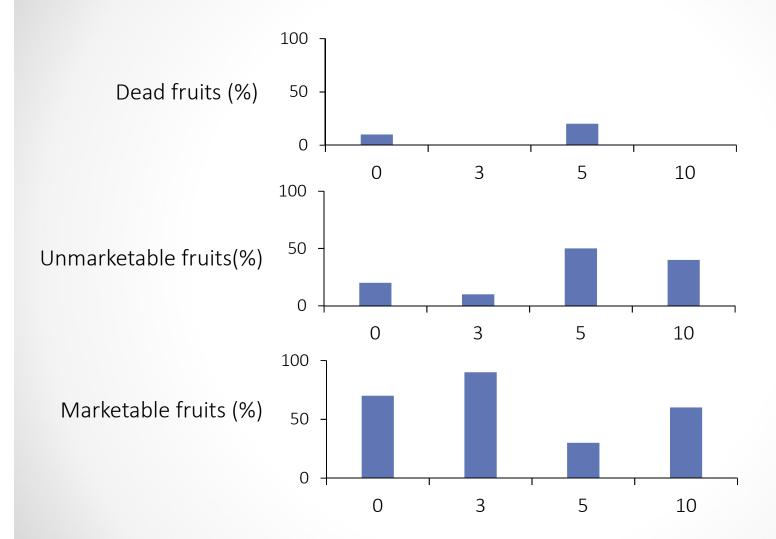


Dead

Unmarketable

Marketable

Trial 3: Fruit damage



Summary

- We couldn't say that fruit damage was all related to lygus bug feeding injury
- Other potential reasons: High temperatures in the tunnel that might affect pollination and/or fruit development
- More studies are warranted

Acknowledgement

- Growers and Pest Control Advisers
- Student assistants
- Funding: agro-chemical companies